Assessment Schedule - 2008

## Accounting: Describe the conceptual basis of accounting for a sole proprietor (90220)

Evidence Statement

| Q | Evidence | Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | - Historical cost. | A |
| 2 | - The Income Statement shows the income and expenses for Stick Sports, not for Lucy. <br> - The Income Statement is for Stick Sports as a separate entity from Lucy. <br> Judgement <br> Idea of Income Statement/Income Statement items only for Stick Sports, not Lucy. Just says financial affairs of business kept separate from the owner. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M } \\ & \text { A } \end{aligned}$ |
| 3 | - The Income Statement is prepared each year to regularly report profit/compare income/ expenses/profit from one year to the next. <br> Judgement <br> Idea of reporting regularly (something related to the Income Statement). <br> Just says life of business divided into periods. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M } \\ & \mathbf{A} \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | - Comparative figures are shown so that trends/differences/changes in income / expenses/profit can be identified/determined/seen. <br> - (Which helps Lucy make decisions about (the future of) Stick Sports) <br> Judgement <br> To show trends in ... (any Income Statement item)/to help make decisions about Stick Sports. <br> Just says to show trends (without reference to Income Statement item). | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{M} \\ P L U S \\ \mathbf{M} \\ \mathbf{A} \end{gathered}$ |
| $5$ <br> (a) | - The amount owing for sales wages has been added to the sales wages expense as the wages have been incurred in the current period/earned by the employees in the current period/belong to the current period. <br> Judgement <br> Explains the wages "belong" to the current/this period/year ended 31 March 2008. <br> Just says to report wages/expenses in the period they relate. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M } \\ & \mathbf{A} \end{aligned}$ |
| (b) | - The amount owing for wages is a current liability because it will have to be paid in the next month / year/period/near future / Stick Sports next operating cycle. <br> Judgement <br> Wages must be paid in the next (short time) period. <br> Says paid in the next (short time) period without direct reference to the wages. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{M} \\ & \mathbf{A} \end{aligned}$ |


| 6 (a) | Credit sale of hockey sticks results in: <br> - an increase in economic benefit as cash will be received from the debtor/accounts receivable <br> - inflow/increase of asset accounts receivable <br> - increase in equity by increase in profit and is not contributed by Lucy/the owner. <br> Judgement <br> Refers sales, increase in accounts receivable, increase in equity (not contribution). or <br> Explains the increase in economic benefit as cash will be received. | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{M} \\ P L \cup S \\ \mathbf{M} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | It is probable Stick Sports will receive the money owing from accounts receivable/debtor from the credit sale as Stick Sports has a legal right to the money/debtors will want to buy more on credit so will pay account/Stick Sports only sells on credit to creditworthy customers. <br> OR <br> It is probable the income has arisen as the accounts receivable asset has increased, which brings future economic benefit. <br> Judgement <br> Adds a reason why it is likely accounts receivable/debtors will pay. <br> Just says probable the business will receive the money (owing). | M |
| 7 | - It is not necessary to know the different items of inventory for decision making based on the balance sheet. <br> - It is necessary to know the amount of total inventory to make valid decisions based on the balance sheet. <br> Judgement <br> Links idea of needing total inventory/not needing individual items to make decisions (based on the balance sheet). <br> Reference to not influencing decisions with no specific link to inventory (definition of materiality not applied). |  |
| 8 (a) | - The softball bats will no longer be reported at acquisition/purchase/historical cost of $\$ 5000$. <br> - The softball bats will be reported at net realisable value of $\$ 2000$ as it is the up-to-date/present value of softball bats / best predictor of the amount likely to be received from the softball bats/material or helpful for making decisions about the actual value of softball bats on hand/gives the future value of the softball bats. <br> Judgement (award $\mathbf{M}$ and $\mathbf{M}$ bonus, ie $2 \mathbf{M}$ can be awarded) Gives either of the bullet points with reference to softball bats. PLUS <br> Gives both bullet points/explains that softball bats aren't to be reported at cost but are to be reported at net realisable value because relevance more important than historical cost. | M PLUS $\mathbf{M}$ |
| (b) | - The $\$ 2000$ is a reliable measure as it represents the amount likely to be received from the (softball bats)/ Stick Sports/Lucy knows she can't sell the bats at cost or above (as they are out of date). <br> Judgement <br> Idea that $\$ 2000$ (represents) the amount to be received from the bats / OR idea that (because bats haven't sold) Stick Sports/Lucy knows she will get only this/won't get $\$ 5000$ /idea of being prudent so Stick Sports' asset inventory/bats will not be overstated. <br> Note: To award $\mathbf{M}$ answer must refer to at least one of bats/Lucy / Stick Sports - if idea is there and answer only says inventory/assets award $\mathbf{A}$. | M |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Evidence | Code |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | (Lucy) could decide whether or not to buy new shop fittings (for Stick Sports). <br> (a) <br> Lucy might decide she needs to improve her credit policy regarding accounts receivable. | A |
| (b) | Lucy can see her current debt compared with total assets/see her equity (or security) is <br> sufficient to allow further borrowing/see if (Stick Sports) only has a small amount of debt, <br> which would enable her to borrow more. <br> OR <br> She would see accounts receivable had become too large and needed reducing. <br> Alternatives are acceptable. The key judgement is the decision. Must use information in a <br> balance sheet - assets/liability/equity (rather than an Income Statement). | M |

## Codes used:

A = Achievement (recognise and define)
$\mathbf{M}=$ Achievement with Merit (apply and justify)

## Judgement Statement

| Achievement | Achievement with Merit | Achievement with Excellence |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $3 \times \mathbf{M}$ plus $2 \mathbf{A}$ or $\mathbf{M}$ <br> (must come from $\mathbf{4}$ questions) $)$ | $7 \times \mathbf{M}$ plus 2 more $\mathbf{M}$ or $\mathbf{A}$ | $10 \times \mathbf{M}$ |
| Or |  |  |
| $6 \times \mathbf{M}$ or $\mathbf{A}$ | Or |  |
|  | $6 \times \mathbf{M}$ plus 3 more $\mathbf{A}$ |  |

12 questions, $14 \mathbf{M}, 10 \mathrm{~A}$
First line indicates depth
Second line indicates breadth

